

THE WEATHER REPORT
FORECAST—Oklahoma: Partly cloudy Friday, probably showers.
Tulsa, Oct. 14.—The temperature, maximum 78, minimum 46; with winds and clear.

TULSA MORNIN'G EDITION

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TEN PAGES

FIVE CENTS

ITALY TO HELP ALLIES IN THE BALKAN MIXUP

Sir Edward Grey Makes Long Statement But Fails to Satisfy.

RUMANIA MAY ALSO JOIN ANGLO-FRENCH

Serbian Make Bulgars and Germans Fight for Every Inch They Take.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—(9:35 p. m.)—Sir Edward Grey, British foreign secretary, made a long statement in the house of commons today on the situation in the Balkans, but as he dealt with the diplomatic side of the question, he added little to the knowledge of the public and failed to satisfy curiosity as to the progress of the Anglo-French expedition landed at Saloniki. He did say, however, that Russian troops would co-operate "as soon as they were available."

The French premier, M. Viviani, had more cheering news for the allied countries when in the French senate he expressed the belief that "the allies can count on Italian co-operation in the Balkans."

There is naturally much speculation as to how Italian and Russian assistance will be afforded. Italy has a large number of troops available and the means of moving them to the desired spot, but Russia is handicapped in this respect, and there is an inclination here to believe a report from Rome that Petrograd has asked Rumania to allow Russian troops to pass through the territory on the way to Bulgaria.

Rumania in the Balance.
To grant such a request would be tantamount to a definite alliance with the entente powers and would doubtless result in Austria-German troops attacking Rumania. This it is thought might happen anyway, as Germany has refused to allow munitions to pass through to Turkey, and now it is reported that Germany has suspended the postal service and is holding up all foodstuffs consigned to Rumania over German railways.

These diplomatic questions are not delaying the military operations. The Austro-German and Bulgarian attacks on Serbia are proceeding apace. They are, however, meeting with constant resistance, and since October 5, the Serbians are giving ground only foot by foot. The extent of the Bulgarian invasion up to the present, according to a dispatch from Nish, consists of an advance over the frontier at one point of a mile. With this exception, the report, the fighting line remains intact and the railways have not yet been reached.

Allies Start Attacks.
It is reported also that the allies have begun an offensive in the Dardanelles to keep the Turks busy. The Russians are continuing their attacks in Galicia in an effort to clear the Austrians from the Rumanian frontier to prevent them from sending any further reinforcements against Serbia.

In fact there appears to be a general attack on all the German fronts. The British have attacked in Flanders and in Champagne while the German official report of the campaign in Russia is a record of counter-attacks against the Russians who are endeavoring to regain the initiative.

Even the Belgian coast is not exempted. British monitors have again been bombarding the German positions along this coast. British submarines in the Baltic thus far have sunk ten German ore-carrying steamers and have completely paralyzed the ore trade between Sweden and Germany.

Sweden Dissatisfied.
This has caused some dissatisfaction in Sweden and it is charged two steamers were sunk within Swedish territorial waters. But the British assert they have been deliberately observing international laws and have been sinking only German steamers.

War on Serbia.
ATHENS, Oct. 14.—(11 p. m.)—(Via Paris, 11 p. m.)—The Bulgarian minister at Sofia today notified the Greek government that Bulgaria at 8 o'clock this morning declared war on Serbia, because a Serbian column had attacked the Bulgarians near Kostendil (southwest of Bulgaria), killing seventy men and wounding five hundred.

King Zeppelin Pilot Tells of Flying Over London in Darkness to Pick Out Forts and Warships for Destruction

"We Cruise at Great Heights and With Good Glasses Can See Things Very Plainly; On One Visit Destroyed Battleship on the Thames; Fort Also Was Wrecked by Germans."

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)
BERLIN, Sept. 25.—Lieutenant Peterson, German navy, one of the few German officers who have repeatedly visited London since the outbreak of the war, is visiting Berlin, where a correspondent of the Associated Press had an opportunity to have a conversation with him on his impressions of the London metropolis.

Lieutenant Peterson, a young, beardless, smiling Westphalian, is neither secret service officer nor returned prisoner of war, but one of the senior officers in the German navy's aerial fleet and his visits have been made in command of one of the naval Zeppelins which have kept London in semi-darkness and apprehension since the opening of the aerial raid campaign. He refutes the reassuring reports given out by the English as to the minimal effects of the bomb dropping campaign.

See Buildings Afire.
"Mr. Balfour says that the destructive effect of the air raids has been small, almost insignificant from a military point of view, and that we are unable to see what we accomplish," remarked the Zeppelin commander. "We know and see better. When we see a big factory under its collapse after an explosive bomb has been dropped upon it, or when we drop a fire bomb on the London docks or adjoining store houses and see these burst into bright flames, we know that we are accomplishing something."

"We cruise normally at great heights, but with good glasses we can see things very plainly. In a great many instances, particularly for one who has not visited it in peace times, it is, of course, impossible to see definitely that one has hit this or that building, dock or storehouse, but we can identify very well the general locality, particularly such regions as the dock district along the river and the city and banking district of London and find our way easily to the spots selected for our attacks."

Warship Destroyed.
"On one of our visits, and this is a fact that has not yet been admitted by the British admiralty, we witnessed clearly the destruction of a warship on the Thames, one on which a fair and square hit was scored. On another occasion I dropped a bomb squarely on a fort. I could not tell precisely the effect caused, but from the fact that the guns of the fort which had previously been conducting a vigorous bombardment of the Zeppelin squadron."

(Continued on Page Ten.)

NOT READY EVEN FOR DEFENSE, HE CLAIMS

Bryan and Wilson Severely Criticized for the Citizen Soldier Idea.

NOT TOO BIG TO FIGHT IS ABOUT LUSITANIA

Opposed to Large Standing Army But Improved Navy Is a Need.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, Oct. 14.—Condemnation of the utterances of President Wilson and William J. Bryan regarding citizen soldiery and nonresistance and of the La Follette seaman's act as tending to prevent creation of a merchant marine auxiliary of the navy, was uttered here tonight by Henry D. Estabrook, a New York attorney, at the banquet of the Mid-West conference on preparedness.

"While other nations have been preparing for aggression, we have not been ready even for defense," he said.

"I shall we continue to listen to a wandering voice as imbecile as our condition? When this voice is receding from the councils of our government, we thought, good any souls we had gotten out of it."

(Continued on Page Two.)

"YOU'RE A LIAR," HE YELLS IN COUNSEL

Judge Lindsey Issues Statement and Criticizes Court's Action in Conduct of Trial.

BIG INCREASE IN ALL BUDGETS FOR NEXT YEAR

Largest Estimates Ever Submitted in Times of Peace in History.

BIG DEFENSE BILL IS THE PRINCIPAL CAUSE

To Ask Congress to Pass Two Revenue Measures to Help Along.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—(8:40 p. m.)—The largest estimates of government expenditures ever submitted to a secretary of the treasury of the United States in time of peace will be presented for the next fiscal year tomorrow as required by law, for discussion by congressional committees in advance of the regular session. They will be examined in detail by President Wilson and his cabinet next week.

With an estimated increase for national defense of about a hundred and fifty million dollars over last year, together with the cost of new tasks imposed on the state department and other branches of the government by reason of the European war, it is probable the amount of expenditures will be augmented to a total of about a billion two hundred forty million dollars.

If congress agrees to the administration's program for strengthening the army and navy, it will be obliged to provide for additional revenue legislation or the executive branch of the government must issue bonds.

Receipts Are Small.
Although no estimate of receipts for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1916, in which the increased expenditures will take effect, has been made by Secretary McAdoo, officials now are convinced they cannot count upon more than \$750,000,000 for the 12 months, and some believe the total income will not go over seven hundred million dollars.

It is so to be asked to pass two revenue measures early in the coming session, one extending the emergency war tax, which expires December 21, next, and the other providing for retention of the present duty on sugar, which expires May, when it would go on the free list. Passage of these measures, however, would not increase the present revenues.

(Continued on Page Two.)

Mrs. Galt Gives Dinner

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—President Wilson and Col. E. M. House, his friend and political adviser, were entertained at dinner tonight by Mrs. Norman Galt, Mr. Wilson's fiancée, and her mother, Mrs. W. H. Bolling. The arrival here of Colonel House revived reports that he would be the president's best man at the wedding, but at the White House it was said no definite arrangements had been made. Announcement of the time and place of the ceremony is expected in the near future.

Carranza Occupies Guaymas.
SAN DIEGO, Oct. 14.—Carranza forces occupied Guaymas and Empalme Wednesday following the evacuation of the two towns by the Villa troops Tuesday, according to advices received by the cruiser San Diego now en route from this port to Guaymas.

Carranza's troops now control every port on the west coast of Mexico except Ensenada, which is in Lower California held by Villa.

Cattle Thief Won't Swear Against Pal

Special to The World.
MALESTER, Oct. 14.—Denouncing a written statement he had given County Attorney John Crow as "a lie" and declaring he had been paid to concoct such a story, Campbell Leflore, confessed cattle thief, refused absolutely to turn state's evidence when brought into justice court Thursday to testify in the preliminary trial of W. H. Harmon, wealthy citizen of Blocker, who was charged with furnishing the money and designing the plan whereby Leflore, with four others, was to conduct a wholesale cattle stealing business. The prosecution of Harmon had been based upon Leflore's statement.

Leflore accepted a five-year sentence three weeks ago on one of three charges of cattle stealing. His other two cases were to be dismissed if he gave testimony against Harmon. Leflore refused to say who paid him the money to make the statement. He said it was bought from him. For this refusal the court assessed a penalty of three days in jail for contempt, to be served at the expiration of his prison term. The case against Harmon will be renewed, the county attorney said. All remaining cases against Leflore and his alleged pals, too, will be pushed.

Angry Mob Following His Acquittal of Murder in Sapulpa, Kelly Reed Is Married in Tulsa

Confidence of His Sweetheart, Bertha Bumgard, in His Innocence Was Unshaken, and as Soon as Possible Following Discharge From Custody They Came Here to Be Wedded.

After securing a marriage license in the office of the county court yesterday, Kelly Reed—the same Kelly Reed, who last Monday was acquitted by a jury in Sapulpa of a charge of causing the death of little Ellen Brown, 13 years old, some three years ago, by shooting her in the back with a .22-caliber revolver—Bertha Bumgard, by justice of the Peace Lee Daniel.

There was nothing in the attitude of the bridegroom to indicate that he recently passed through an ordeal which would have taxed the nerve of more sturdy specimens of his kind, while the little woman at his side clung bravely to him and blushed proudly as he listened to the hurriedly articulated words which made her Mrs. Reed.

Following the ceremony the couple left the office of the justice in arm. It was said to be their intention to make Tulsa their home, but whether or not this is so, it is known for a certainty they had no intention of returning to Sapulpa.

Bertha Bumgard was Reed's sweetheart long before the commission of the crime for which he was arrested, and all the time he was behind prison walls and through the long hours of the trial days she was with him as much as possible, her confidence in his innocence unshaken. Although the girl's loyalty to her lover caused much comment during the trial, expressions of sympathy not infrequently forthcoming from other members of her sex, there were comparatively few among the courtroom spectators who were not convinced of the guilt of the defendant and surprised and vexed at the verdict.

So pronounced was the feeling against Reed, after he had been acquitted, that there are said to have been threats of lynching; and, whether or not there was foundation to the rumors, they prompted the authorities to safeguard the man by detaining him until at such time as they were convinced he could safely leave the city.

Three years ago on New Year's day the body of Ellen Brown was found near her home. She had been the victim of an assault, Reed, who for some time had made his home near where the crime was committed, disappeared about the same time. Later he was found in a Missouri town and brought back, charged with murder.

Reed's first trial resulted in a hung jury, as did his second trial. Following the trial which ended last Monday the jury deliberated only an hour and a half before returning its verdict of not guilty.

WAR WINS MORE FOR LORD, SAYS OLDHAM

"Instills Into the Hearts of People True Respect and Love for God."

DEPLORES ATROCITIES FIRE LOSSES HEAVY

Not a Nation, Regardless of Size, That Fears the United States.

THERE is not a nation, no matter how large or small, on the face of the globe that fears the United States. Not even little Mexico shivers with fear at the sound of the name. This was one of the startling declarations of the Reverend William F. Oldham, secretary of the Foreign Missionary society, before the delegates to the twenty-fourth annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Reverend Oldham's great lecture yesterday afternoon was easily the feature of the fourth day of the great conference and a large crowd listened attentively to his every word. He was born in India and is the son of a British army officer. He received his early education here and has devoted his life to the carrying of the gospel to the heathen.

He declared that the great war which has engulfed nearly all of Europe has turned the tide of sentiment toward the United States. "I have been in many of the fighting lines and the people are yearning for the time when they can throw off the yoke of militarism and tread in the footsteps of Christ."

Missionary Saves Armenians.
"Twenty men are responsible for this great catastrophe," continued Oldham. He recounted an exciting tale of how one American missionary had held off 12,000 Turkish troops who were bent on destroying three thousand Armenians who had fled into a large building fearing the wrath of the Turks. The missionary stood in the doorway and told the commander that if his troops passed through they would go in over his dead body. No effort was made to harm the terror-stricken Armenians and the soldiers retired from the scene.

"This war has brought into the hearts of the people a true respect and love for God and I predict that the close of hostilities will mark the beginning of a world-wide evangelism when every man and woman's heart will be given to Christ."

Miss Olive G. Dunlap was a speaker at this meeting and her message was an interesting one, dealing for the most part with the growth and condition of the society in all parts of the country.

TURKEY'S JUMP INTO WAR UPSET PLAN OF ALLIES

Sir Edward Grey Partially Relieves Anxiety of House Members.

ADMITS GERMANY HAS GAINED HER PROGRAM

Lord Lansdowne Criticizes Public for Demanding to Know War Plans.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—(4:13 p. m.)—The diplomatic, rather than the military side of the situation was the subject of Sir Edward Grey's eagerly awaited statement relative to the Balkan crisis which he delivered today to a crowded house of commons.

"I propose to confine myself," the British foreign secretary said, "to a resume of our diplomatic objectives since the war. At the outset we desired that the war should not spread and in common with our allies we assured Turkey it she remained neutral, Turkey and Turkey's territory should not suffer. This situation was completely changed by the entrance of Turkey into the war, and all obligations on the part of the allies then ceased."

Feeling of Discord.
"We and our allies then concentrated upon securing an agreement among the Balkan states and we used all our influence to secure an accord. Unfortunately the feeling in the Balkans is not one of union but of division. It was clear nothing but a decisive, preponderating advantage for the allies would have enabled us to secure a policy of union."

"We were given to understand in the course of the negotiations that except with regard to Thrace the central powers had offered to Bulgaria more to secure her neutrality than the allies could in fairness offer. The promises which included Bulgaria to declare war were given by the central powers at the expense of her neighbors and without any corresponding advantage to them."

"We have remained throughout on friendly relations with Rumania, who has favored the policy of a Balkan union."

Hinged on Bulgaria.
"It is the policy of bringing about a Balkan war that the sovereigns and governments of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria have succeeded in carrying into effect. We were"

(Continued on Page Two.)

SERGT. HAGEN WINS THE PRESIDENT'S CUP

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 14.—Gunner Sergeant A. Hagen, United States marine corps, won the president's cup in the rifle matches of the National Rifle association on the Florida state range near here today. Sergeant Hagen, Corporal J. Grandy, Second United States cavalry, and Color Sergeant J. T. Lawless, Six Infantry Massachusetts national guard, made 241 points out of a possible 250.

Hagen was awarded first place because his perfect shots lasted longer than did those of Grandy, who was second, and Lawless, who received third honors.

The Massachusetts national guard won the enlisted men's team match completed today and the Connecticut team won the Evans alarm clock match. The six noncommissioned officers composing the Massachusetts team scored 587 out of a possible 600 points. The arrival in camp today of the detachments from New York, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Missouri, New Mexico and Colorado completed the list of 44 competitors for the national team match, which is considered the premier event in the rifle shooting world.

No matches are scheduled for tomorrow and Saturday, those days being set apart for practice for the national matches. The national individual match is to be shot next Monday and Tuesday and the national team match Wednesday and Thursday.

THE NET INCOME DOUBLES UP

Western Union Makes Twice as Much as One Year Previous.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The Western Union Telegraph company's net income for the nine months ending September 30, according to its quarterly report issued today, is double the net income for the same period in 1914. The total revenues for the nine months ending September 30 were \$37,653,422 as compared with \$15,486,659 for the same period in 1914.

Stop Supplies to Rumania.
LONDON, Oct. 14.—(1:49 p. m.)—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Zurich, Switzerland, says:

"A Bucharest telegram states that Germany has suspended the postal service and is holding up all foodstuffs consigned to Rumania over German railways until the attitude of Rumania toward the central powers becomes more clearly defined."